

**Privacy Act**

The *Privacy Act 1988* regulates how personal information is handled. The Privacy Act defines personal information as:

*...information or an opinion, whether true or not, and whether recorded in a material form or not, about an identified individual, or an individual who is reasonably identifiable.*

Common examples are an individual's name, signature, address, telephone number, date of birth, medical records, bank account details and commentary or opinion about a person.

The Privacy Act includes thirteen Australian Privacy Principles (APPs), which apply to some private sector organisations, as well as most Australian and Norfolk Island Government agencies. These are collectively referred to as 'APP entities'. The Privacy Act also regulates the privacy component of the consumer credit reporting system, tax file numbers, and health and medical research.

**Australian Privacy Principles**

The Australian Privacy Principles (APPs), which are contained in schedule 1 of the *Privacy Act 1988* (Privacy Act), outline how most Australian and Norfolk Island Government agencies, all private sector and not-for-profit organisations with an annual turnover of more than \$3 million, all private health service providers and some small businesses (collectively called 'APP entities') must handle, use and manage personal information.

**APP 1 — Open and transparent management of personal information**

Ensures that APP entities manage personal information in an open and transparent way. This includes having a clearly expressed and up to date APP privacy policy.

**APP 2 — Anonymity and pseudonymity**

Requires APP entities to give individuals the option of not identifying themselves, or of using a pseudonym. Limited exceptions apply.

**APP 3 — Collection of solicited personal information**

Outlines when an APP entity can collect personal information that is solicited. It applies higher standards to the collection of 'sensitive' information.

**APP 4 — Dealing with unsolicited personal information**

Outlines how APP entities must deal with unsolicited personal information.

**APP 5 — Notification of the collection of personal information**

Outlines when and in what circumstances an APP entity that collects personal information must notify an individual of certain matters.

**APP 6 — Use or disclosure of personal information**

Outlines the circumstances in which an APP entity may use or disclose personal information that it holds.

**APP 7 — Direct marketing**

An organisation may only use or disclose personal information for direct marketing purposes if certain conditions are met.

**APP 8 — Cross-border disclosure of personal information**

Outlines the steps an APP entity must take to protect personal information before it is disclosed overseas.

**APP 9 — Adoption, use or disclosure of government related identifiers**

Outlines the limited circumstances when an organisation may adopt a government related identifier of an individual as its own identifier, or use or disclose a government related identifier of an individual.

**APP 10 — Quality of personal information**

An APP entity must take reasonable steps to ensure the personal information it collects is accurate, up to date and complete. An entity must also take reasonable steps to ensure the personal information it uses or discloses is accurate, up to date, complete and relevant, having regard to the purpose of the use or disclosure.

**APP 11 — Security of personal information**

An APP entity must take reasonable steps to protect personal information it holds from misuse, interference and loss, and from unauthorised access, modification or disclosure. An entity has obligations to destroy or de-identify personal information in certain circumstances.

**APP 12 — Access to personal information**

Outlines an APP entity's obligations when some individual requests to be given access to personal information held about them by the entity. This includes a requirement to provide access unless a specific exception applies.

**APP 13 — Correction of personal information**

Outlines an APP entity's obligations in relation to correcting the personal information it holds about individuals.

**Notifiable Data Breaches Scheme (NDB)**

Steve Rolls Electrical shall notify affected individuals of 'eligible data breaches. An 'eligible data breach' is one that poses a likely risk of serious harm to any individual whose personal information is affected.

In addition to notifying individuals at a likely risk of serious harm, Steve Rolls Electrical shall also notify the head of the OAIC, the Australian Information Commissioner.